UNIT	TOPIC	PERIOD
INTRODUCTION TO SURVEYING,	Surveying: Definition, Aims and objectives	1
LINEAR MEASUREMENTS	Principles of survey-Plane surveying- Geodetic Surveying-	2
	Instrumental surveying.	
	Precision and accuracy of measurements, instruments used	3
	for measurement of distance, Types of tapes and chains.	
	Errors and mistakes in linear measurement – classification,	4
	Sources of errors and remedies.	
	Corrections to measured lengths due to-incorrect length,	5
	temperature variation, pull, sag, numerical problem	6
	applying corrections.	
	Revision	7
CHAINING AND CHAIN SURVEYING	Equipment and accessories for chaining.	8
	Ranging – Purpose, signaling, direct and indirect ranging,	
	Line ranger – features and use, error due to incorrect	
	ranging.	
	Methods of chaining –Chaining on flat ground, Chaining on	9
	sloping ground – stepping method, Clinometer-features and	
	use, slope correction.	4.0
	Setting perpendicular with chain & tape, Chaining across	10
	different types of obstacles –Numerical problems on	
	chaining across obstacles.	44
	Purpose of chain surveying, Its Principles, concept of field	11
	book. Selection of survey stations, base line, tie lines, Check lines.	
	Offsets – Necessity, Perpendicular and Oblique offsets,	12
	Instruments for setting offset – Cross Staff, Optical Square.	12
	Errors in chain surveying – compensating and accumulative	13
	errors causes & remedies, Precautions to be taken during	13
	chain surveying.	
	Numerical practice.	14
ANGULAR MEASUREMENT AND	Measurement of angles with chain, tape & compass	15
COMPAS SURVEYING	Compass – Types, features, parts,merits & demerits, testing	
33/11/13/33/11/21/11/3	& adjustment of compass	
	Designation of angles- concept of meridians – Magnetic,	16
	True, arbitrary; Concept of bearings – Whole circle bearing,	
	Quadrantal bearing, Reduced bearing, suitability of	
	application, numerical problems on conversion of bearings	
	Use of compasses – setting in field-centering, leveling,	17
	taking readings, concepts of Fore bearing, Back Bearing,	18
	Numerical problems on computation of interior & exterior	
	angles from bearings.	
	Effects of earth's magnetism – dip of needle, magnetic	19
	declination, variation in declination, numerical problems on	20
	application of correction for declination	
	Errors in angle measurement with compass – sources &	21
	remedies.	22
	Principles of traversing – open & closed traverse, Methods	
	of traversing.	
	Local attraction – causes, detection, errors, corrections,	23
	Numerical problems of application of correction due to local	24
	attraction.	
	Errors in compass surveying – sources & remedies.	25

	Plotting of traverse – check of closing error in closed & open	26
	traverse, Bowditch's correction, Gales table	20
	daverse, bowarten's correction, dates table	
MAP READING CADASTRAL MAPS	Study of direction, Scale, Grid Reference and Grid Square	27
& NOMENCLATURE	Study of Signs and Symbols	۷,
& NOWENCEATURE	Cadastral Map Preparation Methodology	28
	Unique identification number of parcel	29
	Positions of existing Control Points and its types	30
	Adjacent Boundaries and Features, Topology Creation and	
	verification.	31
		32
	Revision.	33
PLANE TABLE SURVEYING	Objectives, principles and use of plane table surveying.	34
	Instruments & accessories used in plane table surveying.	35
	Methods of plane table surveying – (1) Radiation, (2)	36
	Intersection, (3) Traversing, (4) Resection	37
	Statements of TWO POINT and THREE POINT PROBLEM.	38
	Errors in plane table surveying and their corrections,	39
	precautions in plane table surveying.	
	Revision	40
THEODOLITE SURVEYING AND	Purpose and definition of theodolite surveying.	41
TRAVERSING	Transit theodolite- Description of features, component	42
	parts, Fundamental axes of a theodolite, concept of vernier,	43
	reading a vernier, Temporary adjustment of theodolite	10
	Concept of transiting –Measurement of horizontal and	44
	vertical angles.	45
	Measurement of magnetic bearings, deflection angle, direct	46
	angle, setting out angles, prolonging a straight line with	47
	theodolite, Errors in Theodolite observations.	77
	Methods of theodolite traversing with – inclined angle	48
	method, deflection angle method, bearing method, Plotting	49
	the traverse by coordinate method, Checks for open and	70
	closed traverse.	
	Traverse computation – consecutive coordinates, latitude	50
	and departure, Gale's traverse table, Numerical problems	51
	on omitted measurement of lengths & bearings	01
	Closing error – adjustment of angular errors, adjustment of	52
	bearings, numerical problems	53
	Balancing of traverse – Bowditch's method, transit method,	54
	graphical method, axis method, calculation of area of closed	55
	traverse.	55
SLEVELLING AND CONTOURING	Definition and Purpose and types of leveling—concepts of	56
	level surface, Horizontal surface, vertical surface, datum, R.	
	L., B.M.	
	Instruments used for leveling, concepts of line of	57
	collimation, axis of bubble tube, axis of telescope, Vertical	
	axis.	
	Levelling staff – Temporary adjustments of level, taking	58
	reading with level, concept of bench mark, BS, IS, FS, CP, HI.	
	Field data entry – level Book – height of collimation method	59
	and Rise & Fall method, comparison, Numerical problems	60
	on reduction of levels applying both methods, Arithmetic	
	checks.	
	Effects of curvature and refraction, numerical problems on	61

	Reciprocal leveling – principles, methods, numerical	62
	problems, precise leveling.	
		63
	Errors in leveling and precautions, Permanent and	64
	temporary adjustments of different types of levels.	
	Definitions, concepts and characteristics of contours.	65
	Methods of contouring, plotting contour maps,	66
	Interpretation of contour maps, toposheets.	
	Use of contour maps on civil engineering projects – drawing	67
	crosssections from contour maps, locating proposal routes	68
	of roads / railway / canal on a contour map, computation of	
	volume of earthwork from contour map for simple	
	structure.	
	Map Interpretation: Interpret Human and Economic	69
	Activities (i.e.: Settlement, Communication, Land use etc.),	
	Interpret Physical landform (i.e.: Relief, Drainage Pattern	
	etc.), Problem Solving and Decision Making	
		70
COMPUTATION OF AREA & VOLUME	Determination of areas, computation of areas from plans.	71
	Calculation of area by using ordinate rule, trapezoidal rule,	72
	Simpson's rule	73
	Calculation of volumes by prismoidal formula and	74
	, ,	
	correction for volumes.	, 5
REVISION	REVISION CLASSES.	76
		77
	trapezoidal formula, Prismoidal corrections, curvature correction for volumes.	75
		77